SAFETY DATA SHEET



DIESEL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DIESEL

UFI : PS2P-3251-9006-Y3S8

Product description : Hydrocarbons and Additives

Other means of identification

: ADO .001%S -15CFPP(W) 0%A DIESEL; ADO .001%S 0%A NON-BIO; ADO 001%S 0% ADD NON BIO DIESEL DYED; AGRICULTURAL DIESEL; AUTODIESEL; AUTODIESEL - Diesel B7; BIO FREE ADO; BIO FREE ADO -Diesel B7; COMBUSTIBLE DIESEL SNCF; DIESEL; DIESEL - Diesel B7; DIESEL ADD.; DIESEL AVGIFTSBELAGT MED BIO; DIESEL BIOFREE; DIESEL BIOFREE NO ADDITIVE; DIESEL BIOFREI UNADDITIVIERT; DIESEL EFFICIENT; DIESEL GASOIL; DIESEL PLUS GASOIL; ENERGY DIESEL; ESSO ADO .001%S -15CFPP (W) 100%A DIESEL; ESSO ADO .005%S -15CFPP(W) 100%A DIES:BI; ESSO AUTODIESEL; ESSO AUTODIESEL 10 PPM; ESSO AUTODIESEL 10PPM (CC); ESSO AUTODIESEL ULS; ESSO BUNKER DIESEL ULS (UA); ESSO DIESEL; ESSO DIESEL - Diesel B7; ESSO DIESEL 2000 MED BIO; ESSO DIESEL EFFICIENT B20; ESSO DIESEL PLUS; ESSO DIESEL PLUS - Diesel B7; ESSO DIESEL ULS (A); ESSO DIESEL ULS (UA); ESSO DIESELKRAFTSTOFF 50% ADDITIVIERT; ESSO GASOIL IWT; ESSO GASOLIE IWT; ESSO HEAVY-DUTY DIESEL; ESSO HEAVY-DUTY DIESEL FE; ESSO OPTIPLUS HEATING DIESEL; ESSO SPEZIAL WINTER-DIESEL; ESSO SUPER DIESEL 100% ADDITIVIERT; EURO DIESEL; EURODIESEL; FODH 10 PPM DE SOUFRE; GAS OIL 350; GAS OIL 50; GAS OIL PECHE; GAS OIL SOUTE; GASOLIO AGRICOLO/MOTOPESCA; GASOLIO ARTICO/GASOLIO INVERNALE PREMIUM; GASOLIO AUTOTRAZIONE; GAZOLE; GAZOLE ADDITIVE; GAZOLE B10; GAZOLE BIOFREE; GAZOLE NON ROUTIER; GAZOLE NON ROUTIER FLUVIAL (GNR); GOBLEND; HEATING DIESEL; MARINE DIESEL; MARKED DIESEL; SUPREME DIESEL; SYNERGY DIESEL; SYNERGY DIESEL - Diesel B7; SYNERGY EURODIESEL; SYNERGY GAZOLE; SYNERGY SUPREME+ DIESEL; SYNERGY SUPREME+ DIESEL - Diesel B7; SYNERGY SUPREME+ GAZOLE; Synergy Diesel -18°; ULS DIESEL; AUTODIESEL; GAZOLE B7; ESSO DIESEL EFFICIENT; ESSO MOTOR PLUS (GNR); ESSO MOTOR PLUS USAGE AGRICOLE (GNR); GAZOLE NON ROUTIER USAGE AGRICOLE; GAZOLE NON ROUTIER B0; GAZOLE NON ROUTIER B0 USAGE AGRICOLE; Esso HVO25; Esso Ethos+™ 25% Renewable Diesel

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended Use : Diesel engine fuel

Identified uses

Manufacture of substance Distribution of substance Use as an intermediate

Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Lubricants - Industrial
Use as a fuel - Industrial
Functional fluids - Industrial
Use as a fuel - Professional
Use as a fuel - Consumer

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Esso Nederland B.V.

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DIESEL

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Botlekweg 121, port number 4060

3197 KA Rotterdam The Netherlands : +31 10 493 59 11

Supplier General Contact

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: SDS-DS@exxonmobil.com

SDS Internet Address : www.sds.exxonmobil.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/

: (+32)70 245 245

Poison Centre

24 Hour Emergency : +32 2 808 32 37 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

Telephone

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Carc. 2, H351

STOT RE 2, H373 (bone marrow, liver, thymus)

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(bone marrow, liver, thymus)

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

: P301 + P331, P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call Response

a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304 + P312, P340 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel

unwell. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 - Collect spillage.

: P405 - Store locked up. **Storage**

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Contains fuels, diesel and renewable hydrocarbons (diesel type fraction)

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

: None.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB

Other hazards which do

: None known.

not result in classification Nota

: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
|---|---|----------------|---|---|---------|
| fuels, diesel | REACH #: 01-2119484664-27 EC: 269-822-7 CAS: 68334-30-5 | >62 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 (bone marrow, liver, thymus) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 4.1 mg/l | [1] [2] |
| renewable hydrocarbons (diesel type fraction) | REACH #: 01-2120043692-58 EC: 700-571-2 CAS: 928771-01-1 | ≤30 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | - | [1] |

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| DIESEL | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients | | | | |
| | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Nota:

Composition may contain up to 0.5% performance additives and / or dyes.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Dry wipe exposed skin and cleanse with waterless hand cleaner and follow by washing thoroughly with soap and water. For those providing assistance, avoid further skin contact to yourself or others. Wear impervious gloves. Launder contaminated clothing separately before reuse. Discard contaminated articles that cannot be laundered. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few

hours after injection.

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical

pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, sulfur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re-ignition. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. It is dangerous and/or unlawful to put petrol into unapproved containers. Do not fill container while it is in or on a vehicle. Static electricity may ignite vapour and cause fire. Place container on ground when filling and keep nozzle in contact with container. Do not use electronic devices (including but not limited to cellular phones, computers, calculators, pagers or other electronic devices, etc.) during safety critical tasks, such as bulk fuel loading or unloading operations, or in storage areas where vapours may be present, unless the devices are certified intrinsically safe by an approved national testing agency and to the safety standards required by national and/or local laws and regulations. For use as a motor fuel only. Do not siphon by mouth.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Static Accumulator

: This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Named substances

| Name | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Petroleum products and alternative fuels (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams) (d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d) | 2500 tonnes | 25000 tonnes |

Danger criteria

| | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| E2 | 200 tonnes | 500 tonnes |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

solutions

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|--|
| uels, diesel | Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [Dieselbrandstof] Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³ (as total hydrocarbons). Form: vapour |
| | and aerosol. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Diesel Fuel] Absorbed |
| | through skin. |
| | TWĂ 8 hours: 100 mg/m³ (measured as total hydrocarbons). |
| | Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| | ExxonMobil (COMPANY) Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Stable Aerosol |
| | TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. Form: Vapour |

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

fuels, diesel

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

1.3 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

20 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

2.9 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

68 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material

CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of glove types.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 provide filter recommendations.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Light Coloured

Odour : Petroleum/Solvent

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling

point and boiling range

: >148.89°C (>300°F)

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >55°C (>131°F) [ASTM D-93]

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability : Flammable liquids - Category 4

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Lower: 0.6%

Upper: 7%

Vapour pressure : <0.3 mm Hg [20 °C]

Relative vapour density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.82 to 0.86 [EN ISO 3675]

: 0.82 to 0.86 g/cm³ [15°C (59°F)] [EN ISO 3675] **Density**

Solubility in water : Negligible Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

>3.5

Auto-ignition temperature

: >250°C (>482°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: 2 to 4.62 cSt [40 °C] **Viscosity**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,oxidising materials,Strong

Acids, Strong Bases, Halogens, Strong oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| fuels, diesel | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists | |
| | 4.1 mg/l [4 hours] | |

Conclusion/Summary

: Slightly toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the Inhalation components.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Dermal : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Oral : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| DIESEL fuels, diesel | N/A | N/A | N/A | 11 | >5 |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 4.1 |

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Irritating to the skin. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar

materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404

Eyes : May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD

Guideline 405

Respiratory : Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for

material. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406

Respiratory: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471

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Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: May cause cancer. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar

materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 451

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for

material.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| DIESEL | Category 2 | bone marrow, liver, thymus |

Conclusion/Summary : I

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 410 413

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|------------|
| DIESEL | Category 1 |

Conclusion/Summary

: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material. Data available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect human health

11.2.2 Other information

Product

: Vapour concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Diesel fuel: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Caused mutations in-vitro. Repeated dermal exposures to high concentrations in test animals resulted in reduced litter size and litter weight, and increased fetal resorptions at maternally toxic doses. Dermal exposure to high concentrations resulted in severe skin irritation with weight loss and some mortality. Inhalation exposure to high concentrations resulted in respiratory tract irritation, lung changes/infiltration/accumulation, and reduction in lung function. Diesel exhaust fumes: Carcinogenic in animal tests. Inhalation exposures to exhaust for 2 years in test animals resulted in lung tumours and lymphoma. Extract of particulate produced skin tumours in test animals. Caused mutations in-vitro. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--|
| DIESEL <c></c> | Acute - EL50 |
| | daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> |
| | 1 to 1000 mg/l - data for similar materials [48 hours] |
| | Acute - LL50 |
| | Fish - <i>Fish</i> |
| | 1 to 100 mg/l - data for similar materials [96 hours] |
| | Acute - EL50 |
| | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
| | 1 to 100 mg/l - data for similar materials [72 hours] |
| | Chronic - NOEL |
| | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
| | 1 to 10 mg/l - data for similar materials [72 hours] |

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life.

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Chronic toxicity**

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient nam | ne | Result | |
|------------------------|------------|--|--|
| DIESEL <c></c> | | Ready Biodegradability <60% [28 days] | |
| Riodogradability | • Material | Expected to be inherently biodegradable | |

Biodegradability Material -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable **Atmospheric Oxidation** : Majority of components -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

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Section 12. Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Conclusion/Summary

: Majority of components -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not available.

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P | M | T | vPvM | vP | vM |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| fuels, diesel renewable hydrocarbons (diesel type fraction) | No No |

Mobility

: Less volatile component -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Majority of components -- Low potential to migrate through soil. More volatile component -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

Conclusion/Summary

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | Р | В | Т | vPvB | vP | vB |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| fuels, diesel renewable hydrocarbons (diesel type fraction) | No No |

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

: Contains no substance(s) known to have endocrine disrupting properties that affect the environment

12.7 Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste catalogue (EWC)

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---------------------|
| 13 07 01* | fuel oil and diesel |

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1202 | UN1202 | UN1202 | UN1202 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | DIESEL FUEL | DIESEL FUEL | DIESEL FUEL | Diesel fuel |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Label(s) / Mark(s) | (** <u>\tag{\psi}</u> | (* <u>L</u> 2) | (** <u>\text{\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exittit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exittit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex{\$\}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}</u> | |
| 14.4 Packing group | III | III | III | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |

Additional information

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 30

Limited quantity 5 L

Special provisions 640L, 664

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Special provisions 640K

F, N2

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Flash point >55 °C C.C.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3

14.6 Special precautions for

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : None.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Explosive precursors: Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Named substances

Name

Petroleum products and alternative fuels (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams) (d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

Danger criteria

Category

E2

National regulations

Book VI carcinogenic agents annex VI.2-1 - VI.2-3

| Ingredient name | Status |
|-----------------|--------|
| diesel | Listed |

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Japan inventory (CSCL) : Not determined.

Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and : Not determined.

Health Act)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals : Not determined.

(NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

(TCSI)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|--|--------------------|
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Expert judgment |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Carc. 2, H351 | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 2, H373 (bone marrow, liver, thymus) | Calculation method |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
|--------|--|
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

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SECTION 16: Other information

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Product code : 1160259 13790114

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Manufacture of substance

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Manufacture of substance

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b,

PROC15

Sector of end use: SU03, SU08, SU09, SU10 Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. **Environmental Release Category: ERC01**

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC01

scenarios

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03,

PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC15

General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03

General exposures (open systems) - PROC04

Process sampling - PROC03 **Laboratory activities - PROC15** Bulk transfers - PROC08b

Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a

Bulk product storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Manufacture of the substance or use as an intermediate, process chemical or extracting agent. Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage,

maintenance and loading (ncluding marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 600 000 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.022 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 2 000 000 kg/day Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 27 000 000 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

use

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 300 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

Other operational

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

: Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.01 Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.0001 Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):

0.0000025

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

conditions of use affecting

environmental exposure

: Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates

used.

DIESEL <C> Manufacture of substance

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: >= 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 90 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: >= 90.3 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site

: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 10 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage

treatment plant flow]: 3 600 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic

treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: During manufacturing, no waste of the substance is generated.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: During manufacturing, no waste of the substance is generated.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice..

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomitina.

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Product characteristics : Liquid DIESEL <C> Manufacture of substance

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational conditions affecting worker

temperature)

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

conditions affecting worker exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level Handle substance within a closed system.

(source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: General exposures (open systems)

Product characteristics

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

: Liquid

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Process sampling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

use/exposure

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

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DIESEL <C> Manufacture of substance

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Laboratory activities

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

article

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

Other operational

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

conditions affecting worker temperature) exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Bulk transfers

Closed systems / Open systems

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Handle substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

empleyee training.

DIESEL <C> Manufacture of substance

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Bulk product storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

exposure

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Store substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: ESVOC SPERC 1.1.v1

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: General exposures (open systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Process sampling

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Laboratory activities

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

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DIESEL <C> Manufacture of substance

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Bulk product storage

Exposure assessment

(human):

Health

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment : Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

Scaled local assessments for EU refineries have been performed using site-specific data and are attached in PETRORISK file - "Site-Specific Production" worksheet.

: Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects

Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented.

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/29/2021 23/76

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Distribution of substance

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Distribution of substance

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b,

PROC09, PROC15

Sector of end use: SU03, SU08, SU09

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC05, ERC06a, ERC06b, ERC06c,

ERC06d, ERC07

scenarios

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC04, ERC05, ERC06a, ERC06b, ERC06c, ERC06d,

ERC07

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03,

PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC15

General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03

General exposures (open systems) - PROC04

Process sampling - PROC03 Laboratory activities - PROC15 Bulk transfers - PROC08b

Drum and small package filling - PROC09

Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a

Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage,

unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 67 000 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.002 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 220 000 kg/day Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 34 000 000 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

use

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 300 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting

environmental exposure

Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.00001 Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.000001

: Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.001

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates

used.

DIESEL <C> Distribution of substance

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: 0 %

No secondary wastewater treatment required.

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 90 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: 75.3 %

Organisational measures to : prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow]: 1 000 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable level.

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice..

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Product characteristics : Liquid DIESEL <C> Distribution of substance

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and : Handle substance within a closed system.

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: General exposures (open systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Process sampling

: Liquid **Product characteristics**

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

exposure

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

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Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Laboratory activities

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

article

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Bulk transfers

Closed systems / Open systems

Product characteristics: Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker exposure

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Handle substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Drum and small package filling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or article

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure
Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

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DIESEL <C> Distribution of substance

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 10: Storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

: Handle substance within a closed system.

conditions affecting worker exposure

Technical conditions and

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

(environment):

Exposure estimation and: ESVOC SPERC 1.1b.v1

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

and : Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: General exposures (open systems)

Exposure assessment

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Process sampling

Exposure assessment

(human):

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

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DIESEL <C> Distribution of substance

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Laboratory activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Drum and small package filling

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 10: Storage

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to

all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies,

either alone or in combination. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite

technologies, either alone or in combination.

Health Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant

effects.

Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for

other health effects.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are

implemented.

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then

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users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/4/2023

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

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Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Use as an intermediate

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Use as an intermediate

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b,

PROC15

Sector of end use: SU03, SU08, SU09

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC06a

scenarios

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC06a

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03,

PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC15

General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03

General exposures (open systems) - PROC04

Process sampling - PROC03 **Laboratory activities - PROC15** Bulk transfers - PROC08b

Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a

Bulk product storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated

laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/

rail car and bulk container).

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 15 000 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0091 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 50 000 kg/day Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 1 700 000 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

use

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 300 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational

conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.001 Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.001 Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.00003

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates

used.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/4/2023

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 80 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: 93 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage

treatment plant flowl: 64 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic

treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: This substance is consumed during use and no waste from the substance is generated.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: This substance is consumed during use and no waste from the substance is generated.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable level.

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice. .

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

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Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release Handle substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: General exposures (open systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Process sampling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

Other operational

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

conditions affecting worker temperature)

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene

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Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Laboratory activities

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or article

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational

conditions affecting worker exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Bulk transfers

temperature)

Closed systems / Open systems

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

exposure

Handle substance within a closed system.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Product characteristics

: Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

exposure **Technical conditions and**

: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

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Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Bulk product storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Store substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: ESVOC SPERC 6.1a.v1

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: General exposures (open systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Process sampling

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Laboratory activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

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Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Bulk product storage

Exposure assessment

(human):

Health

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment : Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

 Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented.

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

: Identified use name: Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures List of use descriptors Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC05, PROC08a,

PROC08b, PROC09, PROC14, PROC15

Sector of end use: SU03, SU10

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC02

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC02

scenarios

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC05, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC14, PROC15

General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03

General exposures (open systems) - PROC04

Process sampling - PROC03 **Laboratory activities - PROC15** Bulk transfers - PROC08b

Mixing operations (open systems) - PROC05

Drum/batch transfers - PROC08b

Production of preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or

pelletisation - PROC14

Drum and small package filling - PROC09

Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a

Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

: Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 30 000 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.00094 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 100 000 tonnes/year

Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): kg/day 32 000 000 : Continuous release

Frequency and duration of use

Emission days (days per year): 300 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements): 0.01

Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.0001

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.000018

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Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

- : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.
- : If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: >= 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 0 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: >= 94 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage

treatment plant flow]: 110 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic

treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable level

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice..

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomiting.

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker exposure

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Handle substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: General exposures (open systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

Frequency and duration of

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure Other operational

conditions affecting worker

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Process sampling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100% substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

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Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Laboratory activities

Product characteristics

: Liquid

Concentration of

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Bulk transfers

Product characteristics : Liauid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level

: Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container.

(source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection

: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

: Liquid

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Mixing operations (open systems)

Product characteristics

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

Ventilation control

conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

measures

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Drum/batch transfers

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. **Personal protection**

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 10: Production of preparation or articles by tabletting,

compression, extrusion or pelletisation

Product characteristics : Liquid **Concentration of**

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure. Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 11: Drum and small package filling

Product characteristics

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general

occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 12: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

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Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Technical conditions and measures at process level

: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

(source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 13: Storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Store substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and

: ESVOC SPERC 2.2.v1

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: General exposures (open systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Process sampling

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

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Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Laboratory activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Mixing operations (open systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Drum/batch transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 10: Production of preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 11: Drum and small package filling

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 12: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 13: Storage

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment

: Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

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| DIESEL <c></c> | Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures |
|----------------|--|
| Health | Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. |
| | Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. |
| | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. |
| | Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. |
| | Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Lubricants - Industrial

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Lubricants - Industrial

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC07, PROC08a,

PROC08b, PROC09, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17, PROC18

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC07

scenarios

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC04, ERC07

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC07, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC10, PROC13, PROC17,

PROC18

General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03

General exposures (open systems) - PROC04

Bulk transfers - PROC08b

Filling/preparation of equipment from drums or containers. - PROC08a,

PROC08b

Initial factory fill of equipment - PROC09

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipment - PROC17, PROC18

Roller application or brushing of adhesive and other coating - PROC10

Treatment by dipping and pouring - PROC13

Spraying - PROC07

Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set-up. - PROC08b

Maintenance of small items - PROC08a Remanufacture of reject articles - PROC09

Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

: Covers the use of formulated lubricants in closed and open systems including transfer operations, operation of machinery/engines and similar articles, reworking on reject articles, equipment maintenance and disposal of wastes.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 100 tonnes/year Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.028 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 5 000 kg/day

Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 3 500 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

use

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 20 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

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Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.005 Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.001 Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.000003

- Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.
- : If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: >= 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 70 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: >= 57.9 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from

: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow]: 39 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable level.

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice..

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomiting.

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374)

if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

use/exposure Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Handle substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: General exposures (open systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

article

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Ventilation control

measures

: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Bulk transfers

Product characteristics Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

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: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Technical conditions and

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Handle substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene

Personal protection: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Filling/preparation of equipment from drums or

containers.

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene Personal protection

: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Initial factory fill of equipment

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Other operational : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Operation and lubrication of high energy open

equipment

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or article

article

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

Frequency and duration of

conditions affecting worker

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

exposure
Technical conditions and

: Restrict area of openings to equipment.

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Ventilation control

: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

measures

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

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Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Roller application or brushing of adhesive and other

coating

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 10: Treatment by dipping and pouring

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 11: Spraying

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374., Coveralls must be worn. Use suitable eye protection.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 12: Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine

set-up.

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Ventilation control

measures

: Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50°C)

lubricant is likely.

Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 13: Maintenance of small items

Product characteristics : Liauid

Concentration of substance in mixture or : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

exposure Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene **Personal protection**

: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 14: Remanufacture of reject articles

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 15: Storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Technical conditions and : Store substance within a closed system.

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: ESVOC SPERC 4.6a.v1

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

(human): otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: General exposures (closed systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: General exposures (open systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Filling/preparation of equipment from drums or

containers.

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

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Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Initial factory fill of equipment

Exposure assessment

(human):

(human):

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated. **Exposure estimation and**

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipment

Exposure assessment : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Roller application or brushing of adhesive and other coating

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 10: Treatment by dipping and pouring

Exposure assessment

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 11: Spraying

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 12: Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set-up.

Exposure assessment

(human):

(human):

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 13: Maintenance of small items

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 14: Remanufacture of reject articles

Exposure assessment

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 15: Storage

Exposure assessment

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

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| DIESEL <c></c> | Lubricants - Industrial |
|----------------|--|
| Environment | : Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. |
| | Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. |
| Health | Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. |
| | Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. |
| | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. |
| | Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure scenario

: Use as a fuel - Industrial

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Use as a fuel - Industrial

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC16

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC07

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC07

scenarios

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03,

PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC16 Bulk transfers - PROC08b Drum/batch transfers - PROC08b

Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a

Vessel container cleaning - PROC08a

Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Use as a fuel - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC16

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its

transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 1 500 000 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.35 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 5 000 000 kg/day Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 4 300 000 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 300 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.005 Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0

Technical conditions and measures at process level Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.00001

(source) to prevent release

: Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

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DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Industrial

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil : If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: >= 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 95 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: >= 62.4 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.
Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow]: 34 000 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.

Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: This substance is consumed during use and no waste from the substance is generated.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable level.

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice..

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a non-quantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomiting.

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Product characteristics : Liquid

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DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Industrial

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: Bulk transfers

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

occupational hygiene

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: Drum/batch transfers

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

Technical conditions and

exposure

: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

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: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' **Personal protection**

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Vessel container cleaning

Product characteristics : Liauid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Organisational measures to : Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air.

prevent/limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Store substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Use as a fuel

Closed systems

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational

conditions affecting worker exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

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Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

: ESVOC SPERC 7.12a.v1

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless **Exposure assessment**

otherwise indicated. (human):

Exposure estimation and : Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated. (human):

Exposure estimation and : Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: Drum/batch transfers

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless **Exposure assessment**

(human): otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and : Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Exposure assessment : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated. (human):

Exposure estimation and : Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Vessel container cleaning

Exposure assessment : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated. (human):

: Not available. **Exposure estimation and**

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Storage

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless **Exposure assessment**

(human): otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and : Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Use as a fuel

Exposure assessment : The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated. (human):

Exposure estimation and : Not available.

reference to its source

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

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| DIESEL <c></c> | Use as a fuel - Industrial |
|----------------|---|
| Environment | Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. |
| | Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. |
| Health | : Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. |
| | Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. |
| | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. |
| | Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Functional fluids - Industrial

: Identified use name: Functional fluids - Industrial List of use descriptors

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b,

PROC09

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC07

Environmental contributing: General exposures - ERC07

scenarios

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03,

PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09 Bulk transfers - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03

Drum/batch transfers - PROC08b Filling of articles/equipment - PROC09

Filling/preparation of equipment from drums or containers. - PROC08a

General exposures (closed systems) - PROC02 General exposures (open systems) - PROC04 Remanufacture of reject articles - PROC09 Equipment maintenance - PROC08a

Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Use as functional fluids e.g. cable oils, transfer oils, coolants, insulators, refrigerants, hydraulic fluids in industrial equipment including maintenance and related material

transfers.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 10 tonnes/year

> Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.76 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 500 kg/day Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 13 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

use

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 20 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting

environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.005 Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.001

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM): 0.000003

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates

used.

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Functional fluids - Industrial

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: >= 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: 0 %

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of: >= 55.9 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 94.5 %

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow]: 4 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic

treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice.

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomiting.

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: Bulk transfers

Closed systems

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: Drum/batch transfers

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

article

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Filling of articles/equipment

Closed systems

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and

: Transfer via enclosed lines.

measures at process level (source) to prevent release

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

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Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Filling/preparation of equipment from drums or

containers.

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: General exposures (closed systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

conditions affecting worker exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Organisational measures to

prevent/limit releases, dispersion and exposure : Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: General exposures (open systems)

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient

temperature)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release

: Use dry-break couplings for material transfer.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

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Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Remanufacture of reject articles

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

conditions affecting worker exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 10: Equipment maintenance

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

exposure

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection

: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 11: Storage

Product characteristics

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Store substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: ESVOC SPERC 7.13a.v1

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Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: Bulk transfers

: Not available.

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: Drum/batch transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Filling of articles/equipment

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Filling/preparation of equipment from drums or

containers.

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: General exposures (closed systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: General exposures (open systems)

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Remanufacture of reject articles

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 10: Equipment maintenance

Exposure assessment (human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 11: Storage

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

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| DIESEL <c></c> | Functional fluids - Industrial |
|----------------|--|
| Environment | : Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. |
| | Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. |
| | Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. |
| Health | Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. |
| | Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. |
| | Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. |
| | Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. |

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Use as a fuel - Professional

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Use as a fuel - Professional

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC16

Sector of end use: SU22

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b

scenarios

Environmental contributing : General exposures - ERC09a, ERC09b

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03.

PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC16 Bulk transfers - PROC08b Drum/batch transfers - PROC08b

Equipment cleaning and maintenance - PROC08a

Vessel and container cleaning - PROC08a

Storage - PROC01

Use as a fuel - PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC16

Refuelling - PROC08b

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its

transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 3 600 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 9 900 kg/day

Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 7 200 000 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 365 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 0.0001 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 0.00001 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 0.00001

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates

used.

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Use as a fuel - Professional

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required.

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of: >= 0 %

Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment.

Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of: Not applicable.

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required

removal efficiency of: >= 67.2 %

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment:

94.5 %

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage

treatment plant flow]: 59 000 kg/day

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite (domestic

treatment plant) RMMs: 94.5 %

national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: Combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment. Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: This substance is consumed during use and no waste from the substance is generated.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures applicable to all activities

Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances, such as flammability or explosiveness can be controlled by implementing risk management measures at the workplace. It is recommended to follow the Dangerous Substances and Explosion Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR) and The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for use in Potentially Explosive Atmosphere Regulations (EPS). Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, the risk can be regarded as controlled to an acceptable

Use in contained systems. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Handle in well ventilated area to prevent formation of explosive atmosphere. Use equipment and protective systems approved for flammable substances. Restrict line velocity during pumping to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Refer to relevant technical standards EU regulations/national regulations. Review SDS for additional advice..

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a nonquantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomiting.

General measures (skin irritants)

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Product characteristics : Liquid DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Professional

Concentration of

substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker

exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: Bulk transfers

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

use/exposure

Other operational

Frequency and duration of

conditions affecting worker exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general

occupational hygiene

: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: Drum/batch transfers

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

Frequency and duration of

article

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

use/exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Other operational conditions affecting worker

exposure

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

: Liquid **Product characteristics**

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

conditions affecting worker exposure

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

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DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Professional

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Vessel and container cleaning

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

article

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Storage

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

exposure

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker : Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Store substance within a closed system.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Use as a fuel

Closed systems

exposure

measures

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational conditions affecting worker

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Technical conditions and measures at process level : Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

(source) to prevent release **Ventilation control**

: Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

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Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Refuelling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or

article

Frequency and duration of : Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)

Other operational

conditions affecting worker

exposure

use/exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperaure.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Personal protection : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

Website:

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: ESVOC SPERC 9.12b.v1

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 3: Bulk transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 4: Drum/batch transfers

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 5: Equipment cleaning and maintenance

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 6: Vessel and container cleaning

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 7: Storage

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

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DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Professional

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 8: Use as a fuel

: Not available.

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

n): otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 9: Refuelling

Exposure assessment (human):

Health

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment : Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

: Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects.

Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented.

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available.

Health : Not available.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Consumer

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

: 1160259 13790114 Code

: DIESEL <C> **Product name**

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Use as a fuel - Consumer

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Use as a fuel - Consumer

Sector of end use: SU21

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b Market sector by type of chemical product: PC13

scenarios

Environmental contributing : General exposures - ERC09a, ERC09b

Health Contributing

scenarios

General measures applicable to all activities - PC13

Liquid: automotive refuelling - PC13 Liquid: garden equipment - use - PC13 Liquid: garden equipment - refuelling - PC13

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

: Covers consumer uses in liquid fuels.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1: General exposures

Product characteristics

: Predominantly hydrophobic Substance is complex UVCB.

Amounts used

: Annual site tonnage (tonnes/year): 9 700 tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally: 0.0005 Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day): 27 000 kg/day

Regional use tonnage (tonnes/year): 19 000 000 tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of

: Continuous release

Emission days (days per year): 365 days per year

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only): 0.0001 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only): 0.00001 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use: 0.00001

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant

: Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow: 2 000 m³/day

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment:

94.5 %

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d): [Assumed domestic sewage

treatment plant flow]: 110 000 kg/day

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: Combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment. Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls.

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or

national regulations.

DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Consumer

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: This substance is consumed during use and no waste from the substance is generated.

Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for 2: General measures applicable to all activities

General measures (flammability)

Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For flammable substances a selection of the following measures need to be implemented to control unintended ignition of flammable substances. These measures are expected to be suitable to prevent minor accidents which might occur during consumer use. Based on the implementation of a selection of handling and storage risk management measures for the identified uses, it is anticipated that there is no immediate concern as the risk should be controlled to an acceptable level. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Review SDS for additional advice.

General measures (aspiration)

The H304 risk phrase (May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways) relates to potential for aspiration, a non-quantifiable hazard determined by physico-chemical properties (i.e. viscosity) that can occur during ingestion and also if it is vomited following ingestion. A DNEL cannot be derived. Risks from the physicochemical hazards of substances can be controlled by implementing risk management measures. For substances classified as H304, the following measures need to be implemented to control the aspiration hazard.

Product safety-related measures: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not induce vomiting. Just a sip of lamp oil - or even sucking the wick of lamps - may lead to life-threatening lung damage. Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children.

Product characteristics : Liquid

Amounts used : Not applicable.

Frequency and duration of : Not applicable.

use/exposure

onal : Not applicable.

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene

Advice on general : Not applicable.

occupational hygiene

Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for 3: Liquid: automotive refuelling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or article

Amounts used : Covers skin contact area up to 210 cm²

For each use event, covers use amounts up to 37 500 g

Covers use in room size of 100 m³
: Covers use up to 1 times per day

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

Covers use up to 52 days per year Covers exposure up to 0.05 hour(s)

Covers outdoor use. 0.6 ach (air changes per hour)

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure

: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene

Advice on general : Not applicable. occupational hygiene

Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for 4: Liquid: garden equipment - use

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of : Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

substance in mixture or article

Amounts used : Covers skin contact area up to 420 cm²

For each use event, covers use amounts up to 750 g

Covers use in room size of 100 m³

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DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Consumer

Covers outdoor use. 0.6 ach (air changes per hour)

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

: Covers use up to 1 times per day Covers use up to 26 days per year

Covers exposure up to 2 hour(s)

Other given operational conditions affecting

consumers exposure

: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene

Advice on general

occupational hygiene

: Not applicable.

Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for 5: Liquid: garden equipment - refuelling

Product characteristics : Liquid

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100%

: Covers skin contact area up to 420 cm²

For each use event, covers use amounts up to 750 g

Covers use in room size of 34 m3

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

Amounts used

: Covers use up to 1 times per day Covers use up to 26 days per year Covers exposure up to 0.03 hour(s)

Covers use in a one car garage (34 m³) under typical ventilation. 1.5 ach (air

changes per hour)

Other given operational

conditions affecting consumers exposure Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure</p>

Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene

Advice on general

occupational hygiene

: Not applicable.

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1: General exposures

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: ESVOC SPERC 9.12c.v1

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Consumers: 2: General measures applicable to all activities

Exposure assessment

(human):

: ECETOC TRA, consumer

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Consumers: 3: Liquid: automotive refuelling

Exposure assessment

(human):

: ECETOC TRA, consumer

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Consumers: 4: Liquid: garden equipment - use

Exposure assessment

(human):

: ECETOC TRA, consumer

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/5/2022

DIESEL <C> Use as a fuel - Consumer

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Consumers: 5: Liquid: garden equipment - refuelling

Exposure assessment

(human):

: ECETOC TRA, consumer

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment

Health

: Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.

: Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are

implemented.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment : Not available. Health Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/5/2022 75/76 Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Belgium

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